

Map 2.

Map 2 represents an attempt
On Map 2 I have attempted to transfer the information
shown on the Indian map to an accurate ^{modern} base map. As
a base ~~map~~ ^{the} National Topographic Series (103 P, 93 M, and 104 A)
(4 miles / inch) were used. In the tracing the complex
lake and stream systems were somewhat simplified in
places.

The boundaries of Kitwancool territory were transferred
as straight lines, to follow the Indian map and avoid
the implication of a greater degree of precision than actually
exists. Trails, shown by dotted lines, are those shown on
the Indian map. In some cases these are also shown on the
topographic series maps, in which case the tracing follows
^{the latter} ~~them~~ exactly. In others, their locations are more approximate.
Hunting cabins and smokehouses, shown on the Indian map as
crossed circles, are ~~shown~~ ^{copied} as triangles. Their locations are
transferred as exactly as possible. Place names written
on the Indian map are shown by numbers on Map 2.

In its main features, Map 2 undoubtedly represents
the Kitwancool view of their territories. In details, however,
it cannot be claimed to be precise. The Indian map is
a highly simplified representation of an area which has
lake and stream systems as complex as can be found

in any part of the province. In some cases a place name written on the map may refer to any one of a number of streams or lakes on the ground. Therefore in a few cases placenames on Map 2 may apply to the wrong topographic feature.

In addition to the information on the Indian map, Map 2 shows further information as well. For one thing it covers a wider area, in order to place ^{the} Kitwancool village and its territories in geographical perspective. The other Gitskan winter villages and ~~the uppermost~~ ~~Neska~~ winter village have also been shown, to ^{illustrate} ~~emphasize~~ the way they were clustered for the social and ceremonial activities of the winter. The uppermost Neska village, Aiyansh (actually Gitslakdamix) is also shown, to illustrate its proximity to Kitwancool territory and its close relationship to the Kitwancool. Also, the territory has been divided up into the sections owned by each of the houses, according to the information given by the two main informants. Wolf and Frog territories are separated by a heavy broken line, and ~~the~~ former Tetsant territory in the north (now occupied by ^{Kitwancool Wolves} ~~Wolf houses~~) is also shown by a heavy line. The territories of the ~~different~~ ^{different} houses are separated by light broken lines.